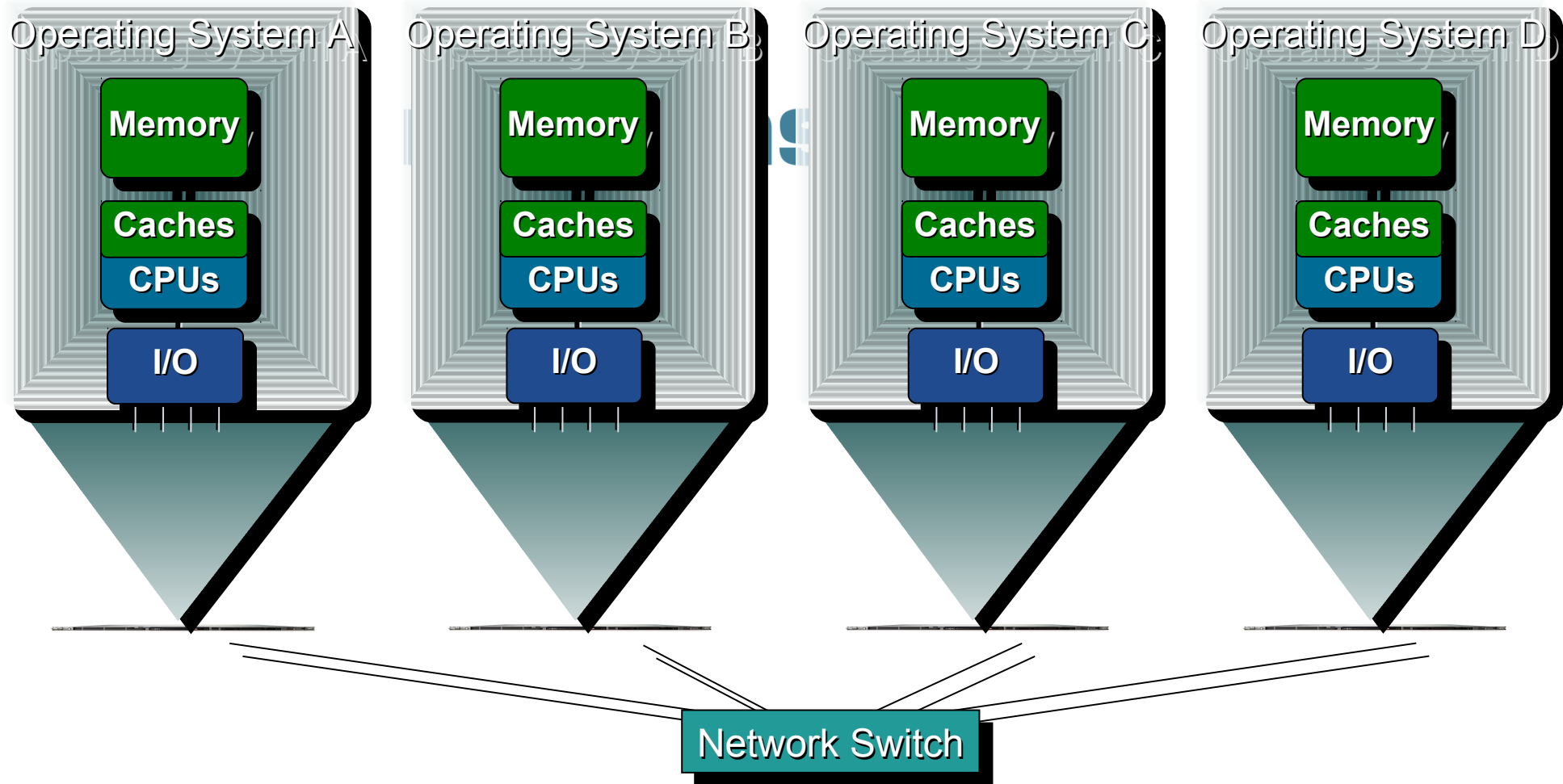


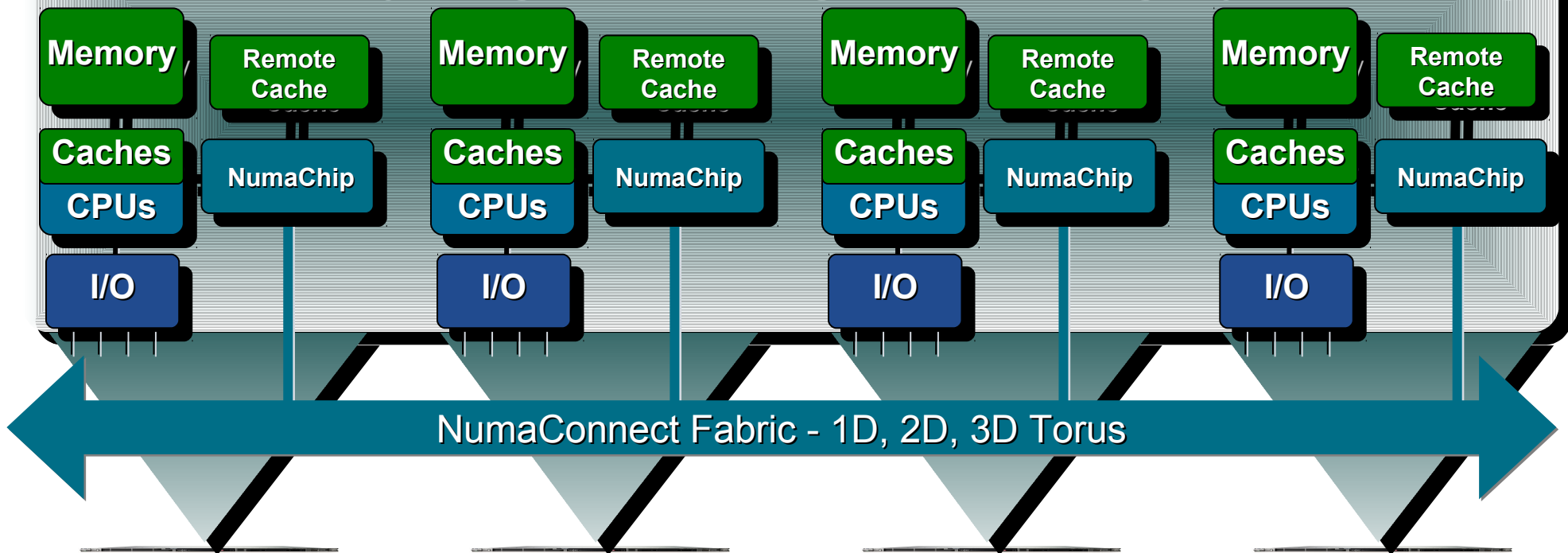
Clusters - NO Shared Resources

Individual Instances of the Operating System



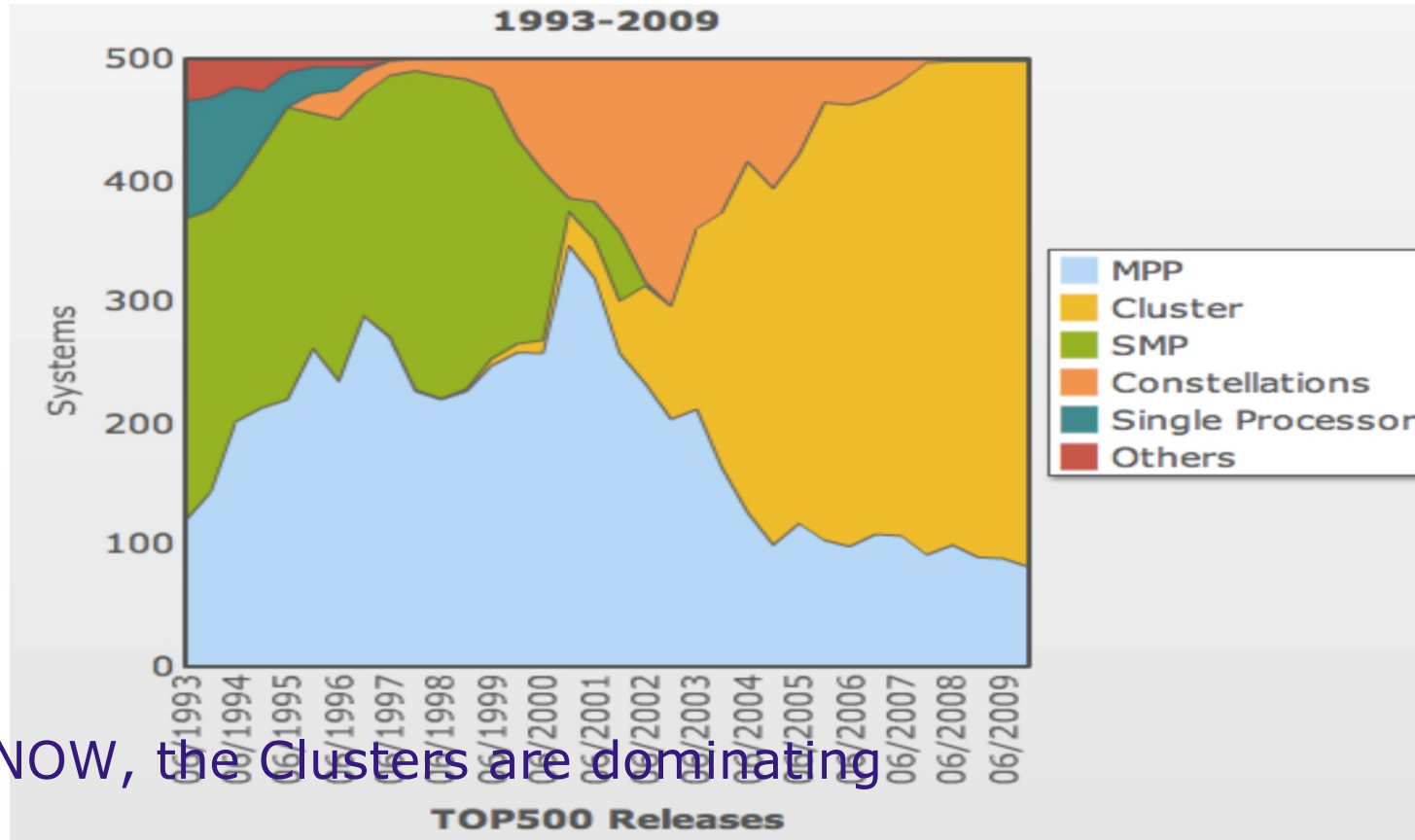
Cache Coherent Shared Memory

Shared Everything - One Single Operating System Image



Capabilities like Mainframe - Price like Cluster

- The expensive SMPs used to rule:
 - Cray XMP, Convex Exemplar, Sun ES



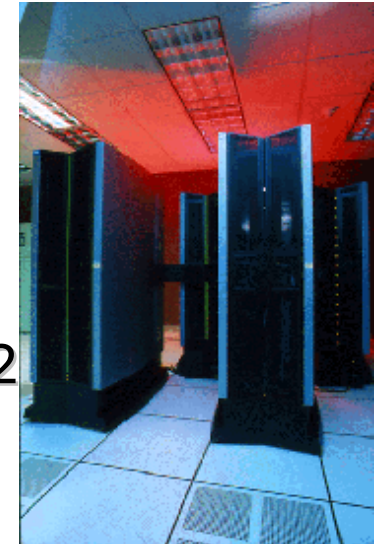
- NOW, the Clusters are dominating

□ Convex Exemplar (Acquired by HP)

- First implementation of the ccNUMA architecture from Dolphin in 1994

□ Data General Aviion (Acquired by EMC)

- Designed in 1996 with deliveries from 1997 - 2002
- Used Dolphin's chips with 3 generations of processor/memory buses



□ I/O Attached Products for Clustering OEMs

- Sun Microsystems (SunCluster)
- Siemens RM600 Server (IO Expansion)
- Siemens Medical (3D CT)
- Philips Medical (3D Ultra Sound)
- Dassault/Thales Rafale

Dolphin's
Cache Chip



Dolphin's Low
Latency Clustering HW



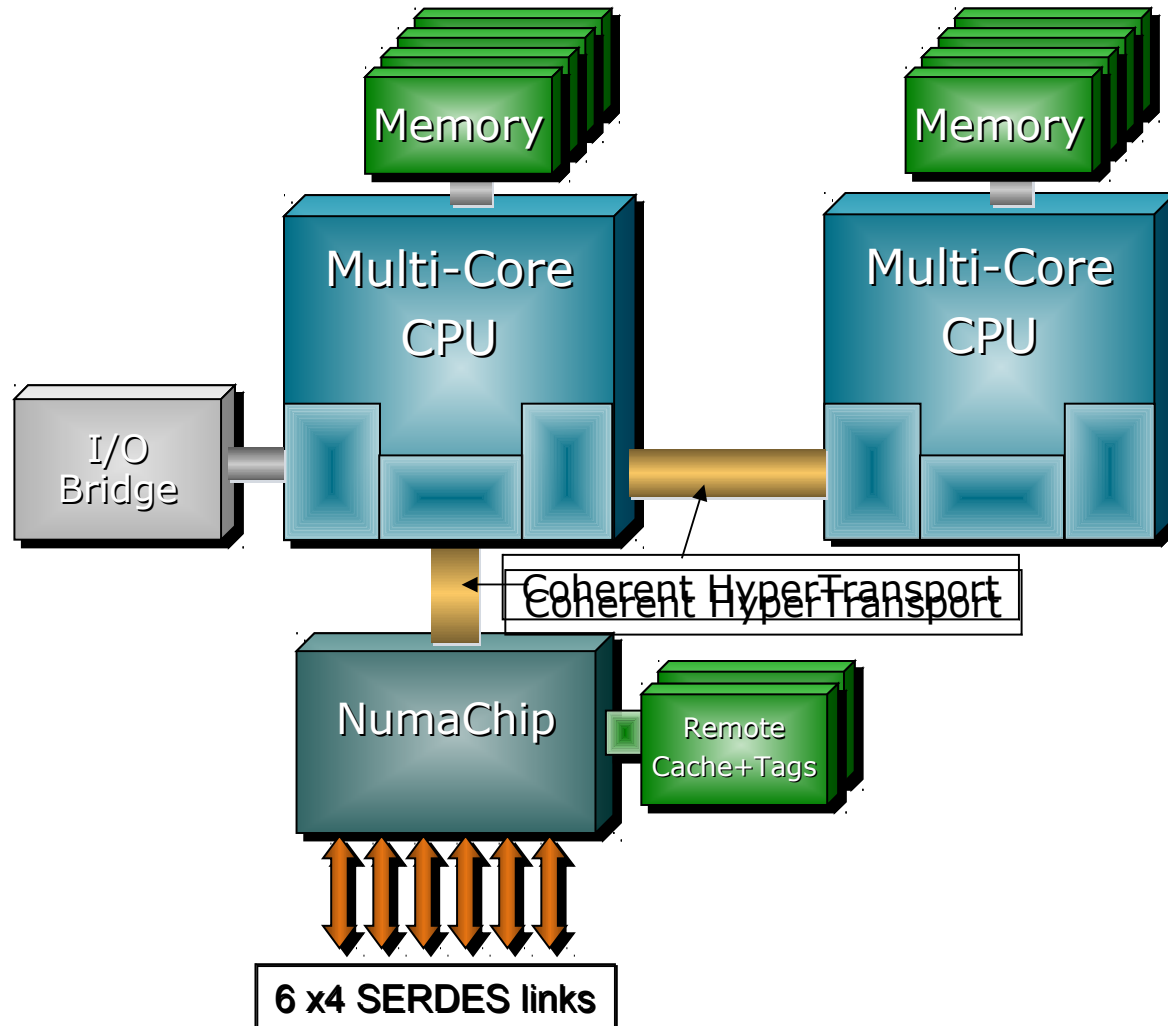
□ HPC Clusters (WulfKit w. Scali)

- First Low Latency Cluster Interconnect

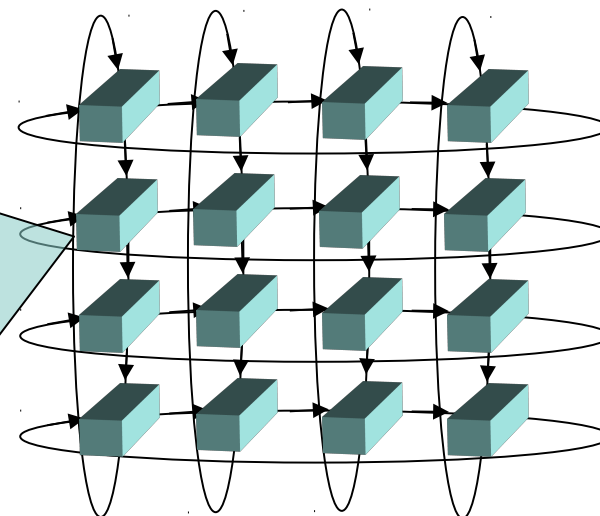
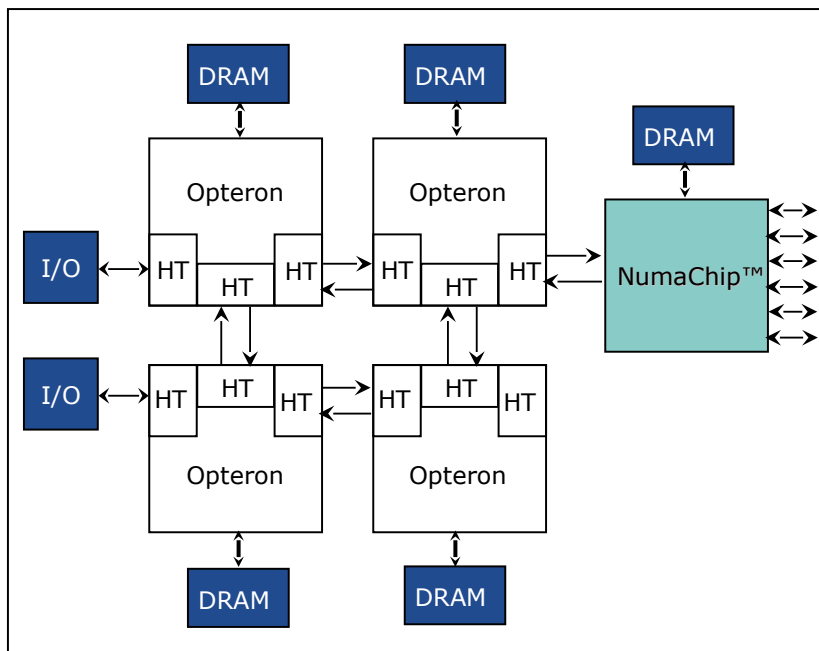
- Founded in Oslo in 2008 as a spin-out from Dolphin Interconnect Solutions
- Technology from Norsk Data 1987→
 - Dolphin Interconnect 1992
- 24 Experienced Staff Members
 - Interconnects
 - Processor Architecture
 - Supercomputing
 - Data Acquisition
- Main Owners:
 - Investinor (32.1%)
 - ProVenture Seed (20.8%)
 - Statoil ASA (17.5%)
 - Helge B. Rines (Ex. InfoCare) (7.3%)
 - Svein A. Tunheim (Ex. ChipCon) (7.3%)



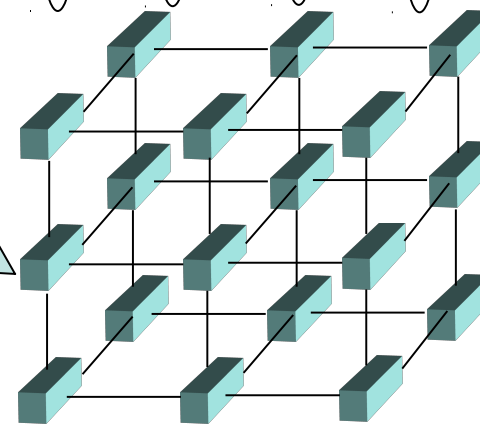
- 12 bits Node ID = 4,096 nodes, (lots and lost of cores), >19,000 cores
- 48 bits node physical address space = 256TBytes
- Scalable, directory based cache coherency protocol
- Scalable On-Chip switch fabric (2-D, 3-D Torus)
- Configurable Cache for remote data (1 - 16GB/node)
- System-wide cache coherency in hardware
- 64Byte cache line granularity same as x86 CPUs



Multi-socket Node

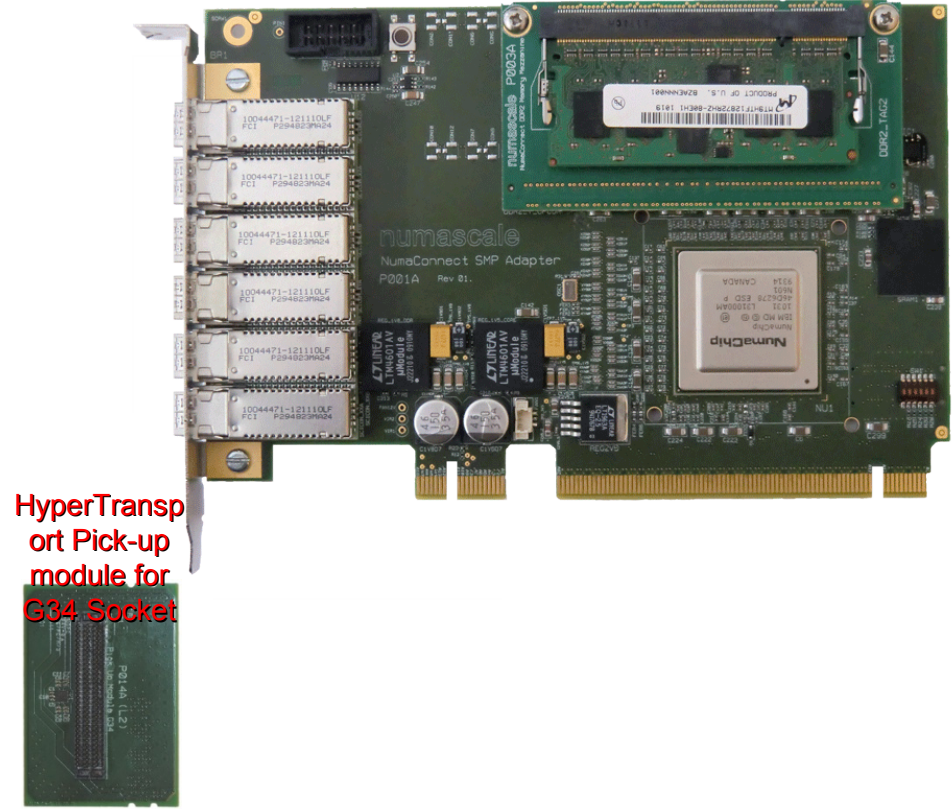
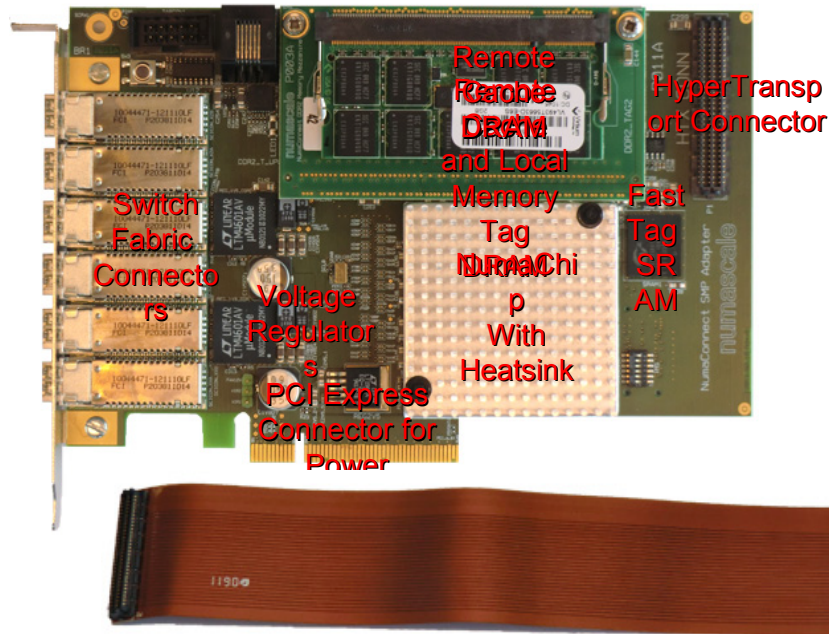


2-D Torus



3-D Torus

6 links allow flexible system configurations in multi-dimensional topologies



You can run "top" on a 1.5TB NumaConnect system

A NumaConnect system can be programmed just as an "ordinary" computer!

The full memory range is available to all applications

```
top - 09:29:57 up 20 days, 20:07, 6 users, load average: 8.32, 8.31, 8.32
Tasks: 3068 total, 3 running, 3065 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 1.4%us, 0.1%sy, 0.0%ni, 98.5%id, 0.0%wa, 0.0%mi, 0.0%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 1583148160k total, 1185082348k used, 398065812k free, 4k buffers
Swap: 33046524k total, 0k used, 33046524k free, 4039576k cached
```

PID	USER	PR	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	%CPU	%MEM	TIME+	COMMAND
202867	root	20	0	1119g	1.1t	524	R	815	74.1	3758:34	x.mod2as
197024	root	20	0	13168	8588	1204	R	37	0.0	403:40.55	htop
206397	root	20	0	13512	3704	924	R	14	0.0	0:04.48	top
197023	root	20	0	13512	3700	924	S	13	0.0	177:20.24	top
1399	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	3	0.0	1:03.79	ksoftirqd/348
2187	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	3	0.0	0:50.98	ksoftirqd/545
10	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	2	0.0	290:26.05	rcu_sched
11190	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	1	0.0	68:02.65	kworker/40:1
11177	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	1	0.0	173:47.85	kworker/24:1
11241	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	1	0.0	86:23.99	kworker/44:1
11668	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	1	0.0	53:37.71	kworker/348:1
11688	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	1	0.0	59:31.14	kworker/336:1
12035	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	1	0.0	20:37.15	kworker/545:1
11197	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	96:09.80	kworker/36:1
11203	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	148:15.71	kworker/32:1
11209	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	166:31.05	kworker/28:1
11233	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	82:54.52	kworker/48:1
11626	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	32:13.59	kworker/308:1
11710	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	26:04.65	kworker/357:1
11714	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	31:09.39	kworker/354:1
47717	root	20	0	7764	576	484	S	0	0.0	22:06.24	tail
47736	root	20	0	7764	576	484	S	0	0.0	22:13.57	tail

Large Shared Memory, all threads available

```

1  [|||||] 45.7%] 37 [|||||] 28.1%] 73 [|||||] 28.1%] 109 [|||||] 28.6%]
2  [|||||] 100.0%] 38 [|||||] 100.0%] 74 [|||||] 100.0%] 110 [|||||] 100.0%]
3  [|||||] 28.5%] 39 [|||||] 28.1%] 75 [|||||] 28.1%] 111 [|||||] 28.5%]
4  [|||||] 28.5%] 40 [|||||] 28.0%] 76 [|||||] 28.1%] 112 [|||||] 28.6%]
5  [|||||] 28.5%] 41 [|||||] 28.0%] 77 [|||||] 28.1%] 113 [|||||] 28.6%]
6  [|||||] 28.6%] 42 [|||||] 28.1%] 78 [|||||] 28.0%] 114 [|||||] 28.6%]
7  [|||||] 27.0%] 43 [|||||] 27.5%] 79 [|||||] 27.0%] 115 [|||||] 27.5%]
8  [|||||] 100.0%] 44 [|||||] 100.0%] 80 [|||||] 100.0%] 116 [|||||] 53.3%]
9  [|||||] 27.1%] 45 [|||||] 27.5%] 81 [|||||] 27.1%] 117 [|||||] 27.5%]
10 [|||||] 27.1%] 46 [|||||] 27.5%] 82 [|||||] 27.1%] 118 [|||||] 100.0%]
11 [|||||] 27.0%] 47 [|||||] 27.5%] 83 [|||||] 27.1%] 119 [|||||] 27.6%]
12 [|||||] 27.0%] 48 [|||||] 27.5%] 84 [|||||] 27.1%] 120 [|||||] 27.5%]
13 [|||||] 79.0%] 49 [|||||] 77.5%] 85 [|||||] 77.9%] 121 [|||||] 79.0%]
14 [|||||] 79.0%] 50 [|||||] 100.0%] 86 [|||||] 100.0%] 122 [|||||] 100.0%]
15 [|||||] 79.0%] 51 [|||||] 77.9%] 87 [|||||] 77.9%] 123 [|||||] 79.0%]
16 [|||||] 79.0%] 52 [|||||] 77.5%] 88 [|||||] 77.5%] 124 [|||||] 79.1%]
17 [|||||] 79.0%] 53 [|||||] 77.5%] 89 [|||||] 77.5%] 125 [|||||] 79.1%]
18 [|||||] 100.0%] 54 [|||||] 77.5%] 90 [|||||] 77.5%] 126 [|||||] 79.1%]
19 [|||||] 61.0%] 55 [|||||] 62.0%] 91 [|||||] 62.3%] 127 [|||||] 61.2%]
20 [|||||] 100.0%] 56 [|||||] 62.0%] 92 [|||||] 100.0%] 128 [|||||] 61.2%]
21 [|||||] 61.3%] 57 [|||||] 100.0%] 93 [|||||] 62.0%] 129 [|||||] 61.2%]
22 [|||||] 61.0%] 58 [|||||] 62.0%] 94 [|||||] 62.3%] 130 [|||||] 100.0%]
23 [|||||] 61.3%] 59 [|||||] 62.0%] 95 [|||||] 62.3%] 131 [|||||] 61.2%]
24 [|||||] 61.0%] 60 [|||||] 62.0%] 96 [|||||] 62.0%] 132 [|||||] 61.2%]
25 [|||||] 57.5%] 61 [|||||] 60.0%] 97 [|||||] 60.5%] 133 [|||||] 57.2%]
26 [|||||] 100.0%] 62 [|||||] 100.0%] 98 [|||||] 60.5%] 134 [|||||] 57.2%]
27 [|||||] 57.5%] 63 [|||||] 60.0%] 99 [|||||] 60.5%] 135 [|||||] 100.0%]
28 [|||||] 57.5%] 64 [|||||] 60.0%] 100 [|||||] 60.5%] 136 [|||||] 57.2%]
29 [|||||] 57.5%] 65 [|||||] 60.0%] 101 [|||||] 60.5%] 137 [|||||] 57.5%]
30 [|||||] 57.5%] 66 [|||||] 60.3%] 102 [|||||] 100.0%] 138 [|||||] 57.2%]
31 [|||||] 37.0%] 67 [|||||] 37.2%] 103 [|||||] 38.0%] 139 [|||||] 36.8%]
32 [|||||] 100.0%] 68 [|||||] 100.0%] 104 [|||||] 100.0%] 140 [|||||] 100.0%]
33 [|||||] 37.0%] 69 [|||||] 37.2%] 105 [|||||] 38.0%] 141 [|||||] 36.8%]
34 [|||||] 37.0%] 70 [|||||] 37.2%] 106 [|||||] 38.0%] 142 [|||||] 36.8%]
35 [|||||] 37.0%] 71 [|||||] 37.2%] 107 [|||||] 38.0%] 143 [|||||] 36.6%]
36 [|||||] 37.2%] 72 [|||||] 37.2%] 108 [|||||] 38.0%] 144 [|||||] 36.8%]
Mem [|||||] 52118/384880MB Tasks: 54, 130 thr; 144 running
Swp [|||||] 0/0MB Load average: 49.64 13.40 4.74
Uptime: 00:05:35

```

PID	USER	PRI	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	CPU%	MEM%	TIME+	Command
10635	root	20	0	2600M	2117M	4128	R	636.	0.6	2:55.09	Linux_AMD64_ACML440_MP/xhpl /tmp/HPL.dat.zk0RhF
10623	root	20	0	2613M	2102M	4156	R	636.	0.5	2:50.99	Linux_AMD64_ACML440_MP/xhpl /tmp/HPL.dat.zk0RhF
10629	root	20	0	2613M	2115M	4124	R	634.	0.5	2:52.77	Linux_AMD64_ACML440_MP/xhpl /tmp/HPL.dat.zk0RhF
10641	root	20	0	2588M	2094M	4124	R	633.	0.5	2:57.50	Linux_AMD64_ACML440_MP/xhpl /tmp/HPL.dat.zk0RhF
10636	root	20	0	2627M	2129M	4152	R	561.	0.6	2:51.58	Linux_AMD64_ACML440_MP/xhpl /tmp/HPL.dat.zk0RhF
10642	root	20	0	2602M	2112M	4168	R	557.	0.5	2:56.39	Linux_AMD64_ACML440_MP/xhpl /tmp/HPL.dat.zk0RhF
10630	root	20	0	2627M	2130M	4180	R	556.	0.6	2:51.86	Linux_AMD64_ACML440_MP/xhpl /tmp/HPL.dat.zk0RhF

F1 Help F2 Setup F3 Search F4 Filter F5 Tree F6 SortBy F7 Nice - F8 Nice + F9 Kill F10 Quit

NumaConnect Architecture Supported in Linux kernel
Interprocessor Interrupt (APIC extension HW)

Runs with standard kernel

Tuned kernel recommended

Especially for large systems >8 servers

“Custom Kernel” with recommended options

Patches

Queue-Based Spin Locks (Scalability)

Optimized Timing Framework for NumaConnect
Fabric

Memory Bandwidth-Stream

This system uses 8 bytes per DOUBLE PRECISION word.

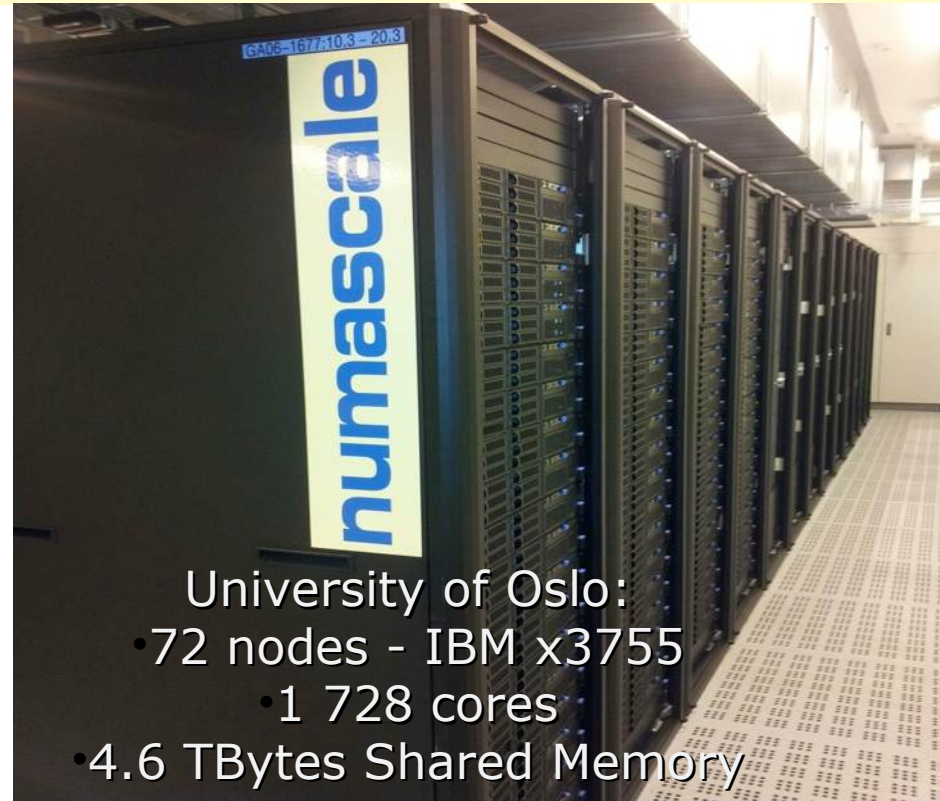
Array size = 180000000000, Offset = 0

Total memory required = 4119873.0 MB.

Each test is run 10 times, but only
the *best* time for each is used.

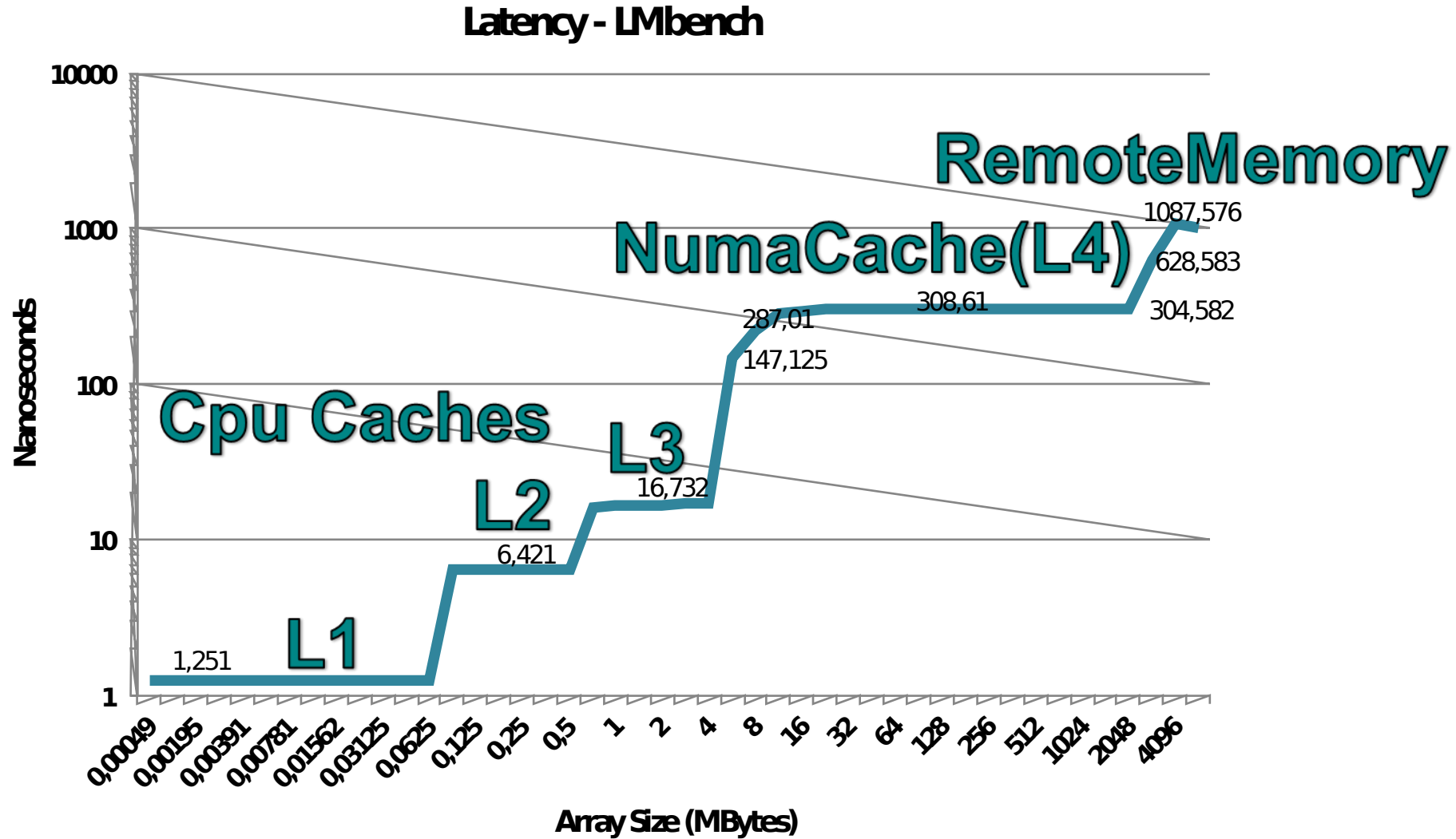
Number of Threads requested = 828

Function	Rate (MB/s)	Avg time	Min time	Max time
Copy:	1599317.5028	1.9224	1.8008	2.1393
Scale:	1468219.1643	2.0954	1.9616	2.2290
Add:	1664455.1221	2.8375	2.5954	3.0947
Triad:	1492414.0721	3.0478	2.8946	3.3267



- University of Oslo:
- 72 nodes - IBM x3755
 - 1 728 cores
 - 4.6 TBytes Shared Memory

Human readable numbers:
Array size = 180 GB
Copy = 1.6 TB/s
Scale = 1.5 TB/s
Add = 1.7 TB/s
Triad = 1.5 TB/s



Code performance and scaling results

Dipl.-Inform. Dirk Schmidl

High Performance Computing

RWTH Aachen

Center for Computing and Communication

Numascale Demo System

8 Supermicro 1042G-LTF+ Servers with NumaConnect

Each Server

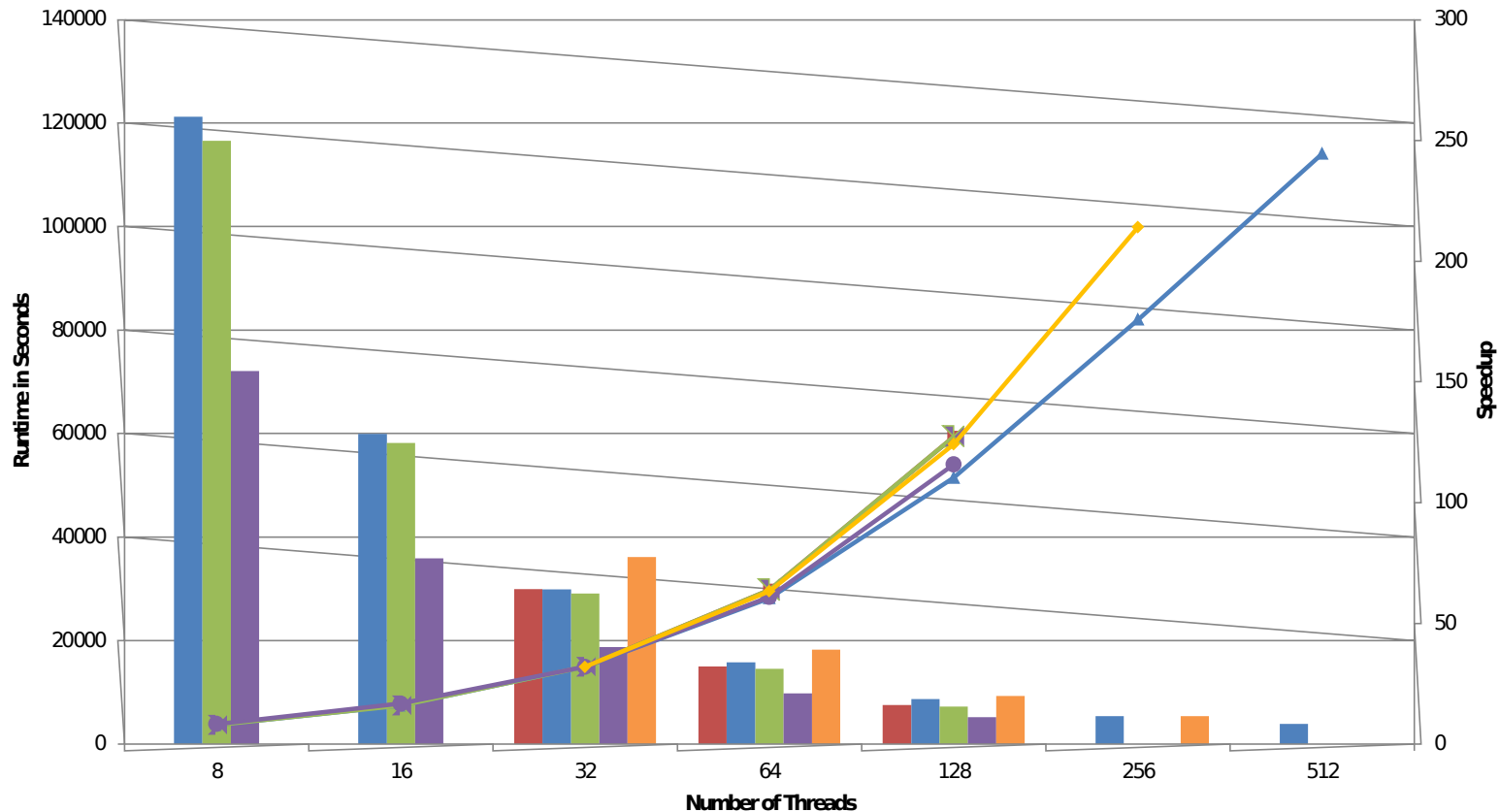
128GB RAM

Two 16 cores AMD 6380 processors

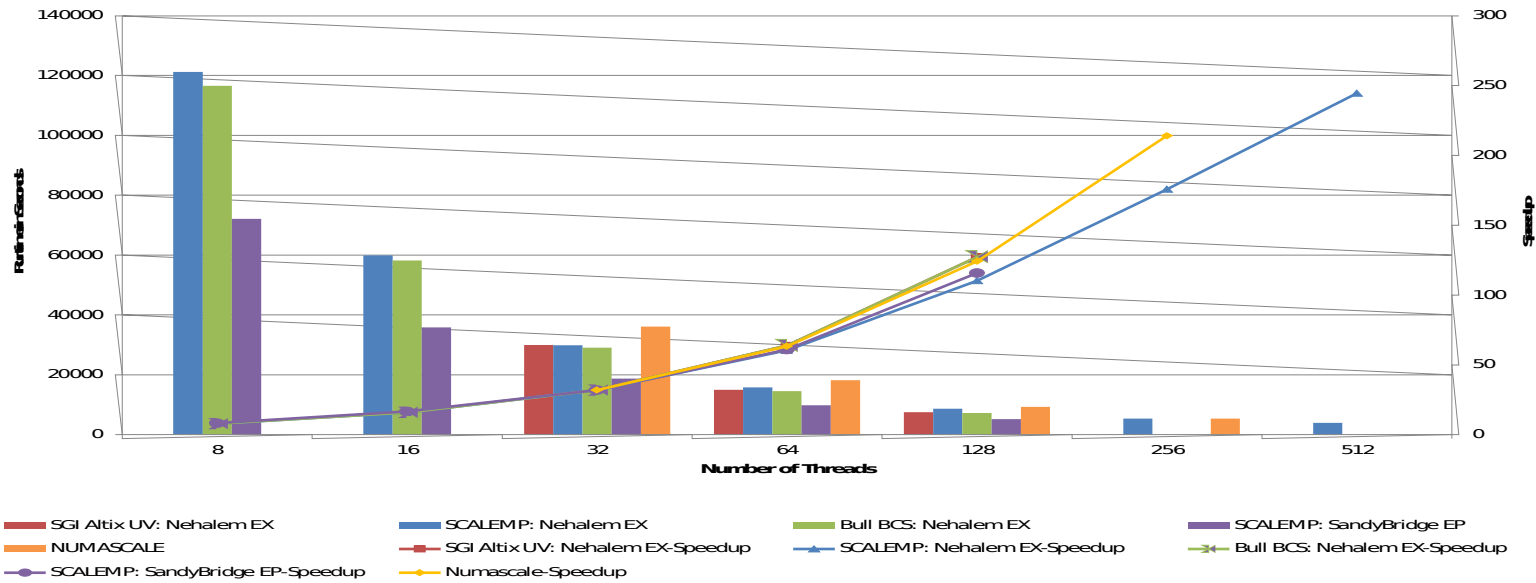
512GB SSD per node

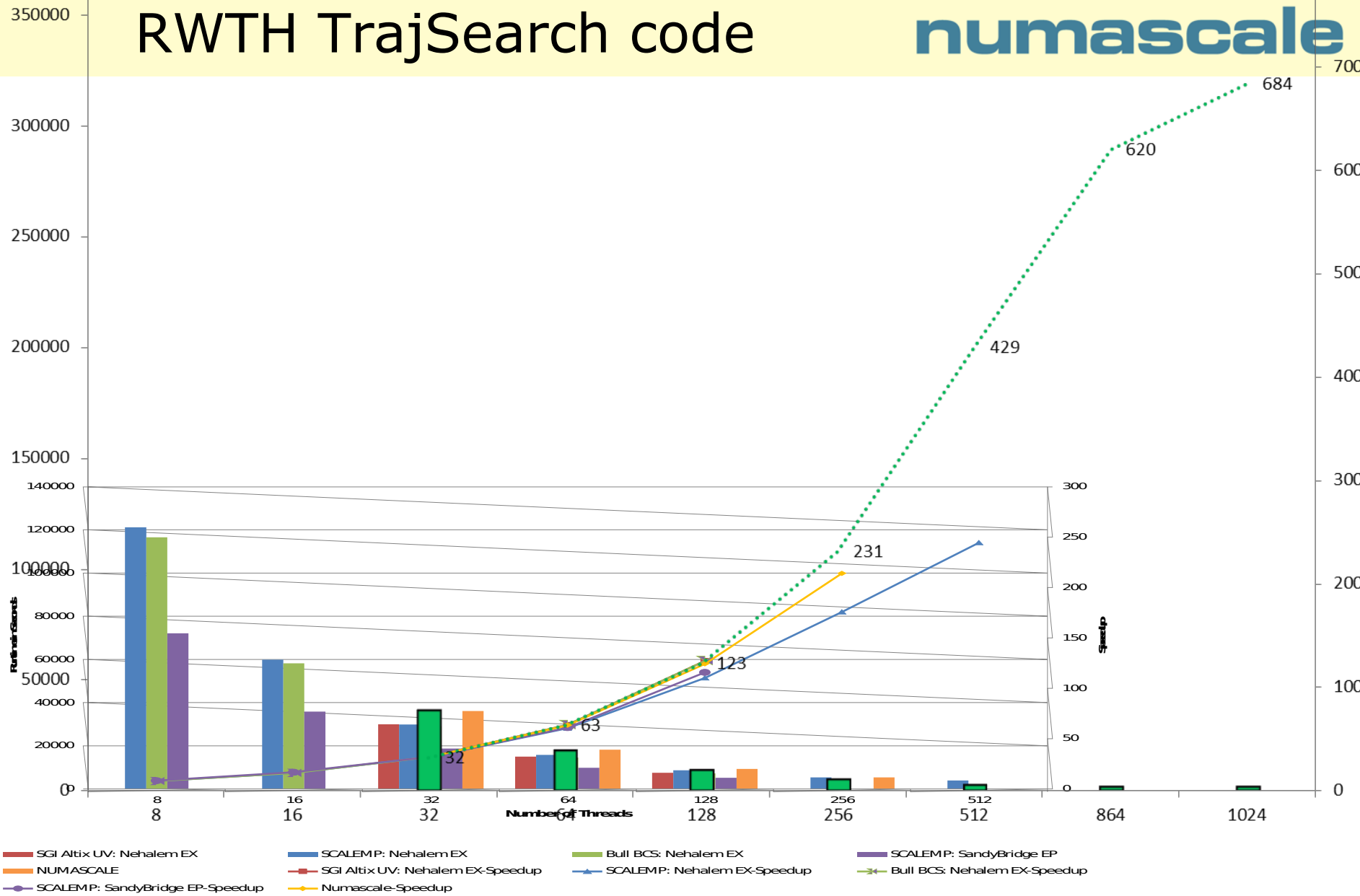
Total 256 cores sharing 1TB

The graph shows that the application has the **most speedup on NumaConnect**, even if it was originally adapted to ScaleMP.



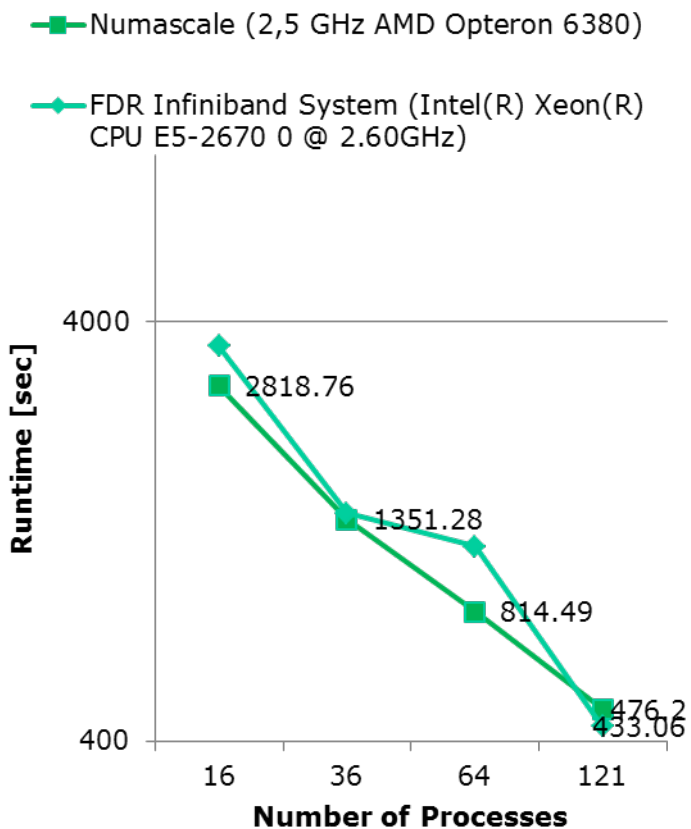
- SGI Altix UV: Nehalem EX
 ■ SCALEMPP: Nehalem EX
■ Bull BCS: Nehalem EX
■ SCALEMPP: SandyBridge EP
- NUMASCALE
 ■ SGI Altix UV: Nehalem EX-Speedup
▲ SCALEMPP: Nehalem EX-Speedup
▲ Bull BCS: Nehalem EX-Speedup
- SCALEMPP: SandyBridge EP-Speedup
 ◆ NumaScale-Speedup



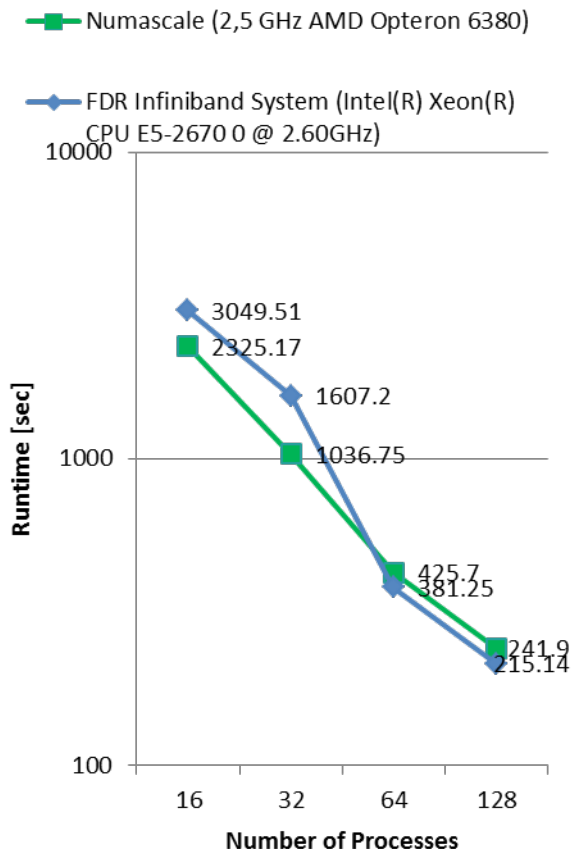


If you can get scalable OpenMP and MPI performance, ease of programming and ease of administration at commodity cluster price points, why limit yourself to an MPI cluster?

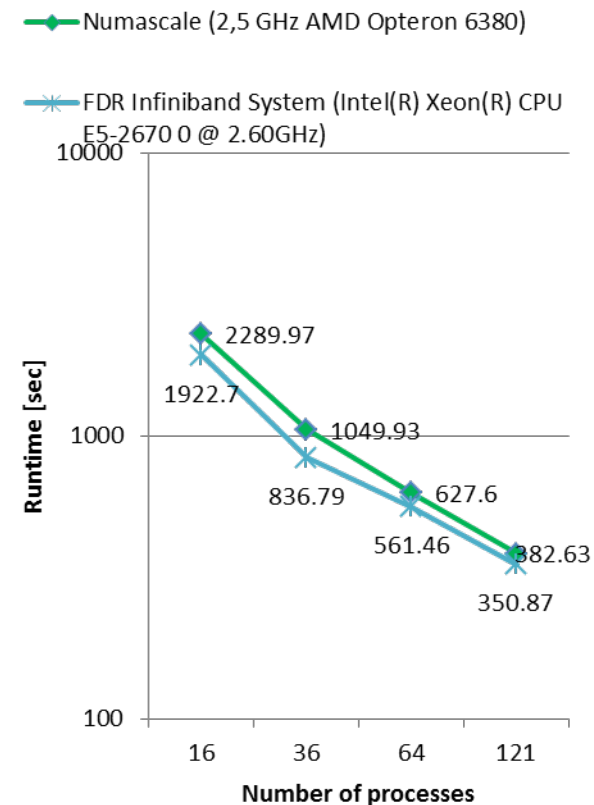
NPB-SP MPI CLASS D Time in seconds



NPB-LU MPI CLASS D Time in seconds



NPB-BT MPI CLASS=D Time in seconds

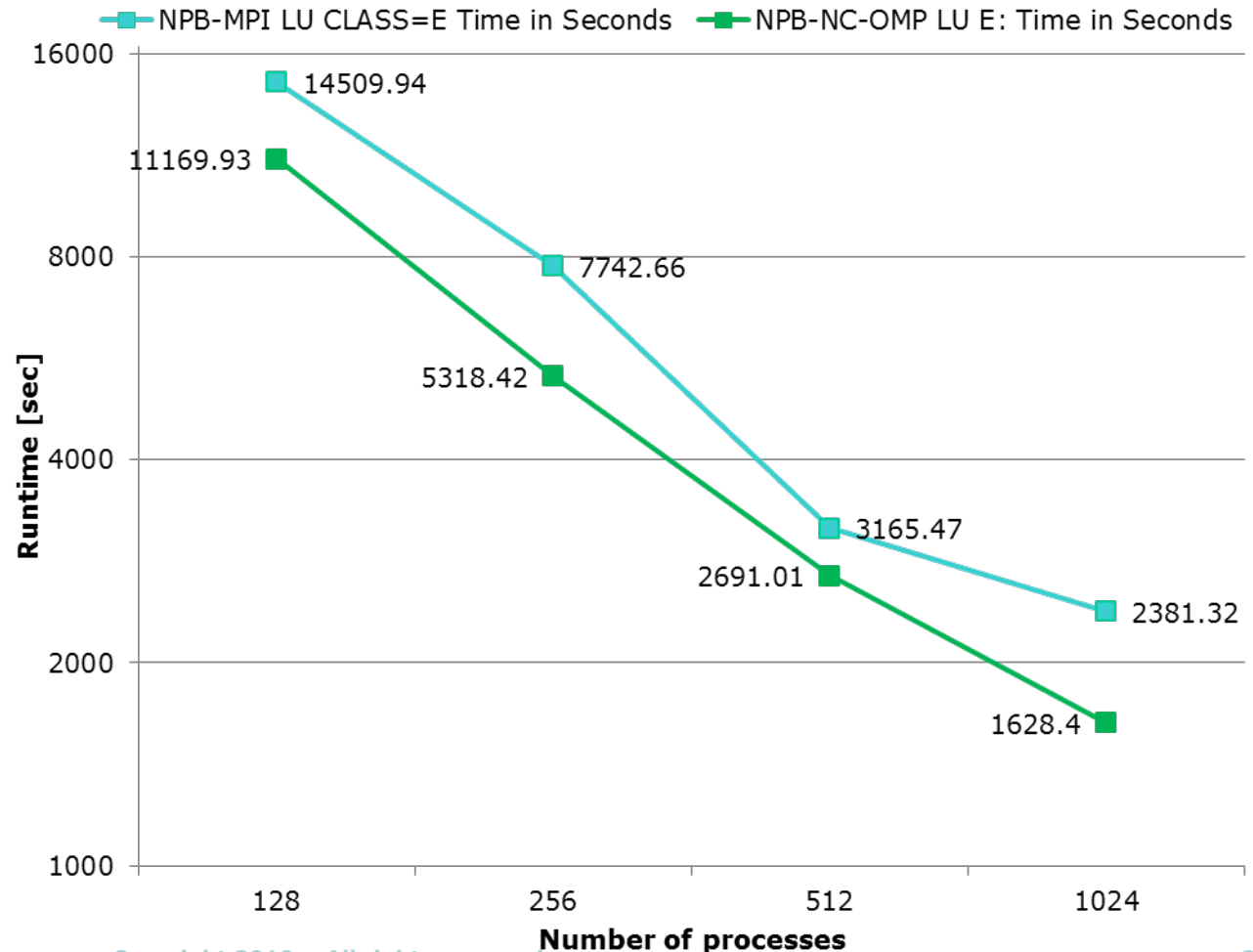


The **overhead** introduced by MPI is not needed when we are running on a **Shared Memory System**

➤ The NAS Parallel Benchmarks (NPB)

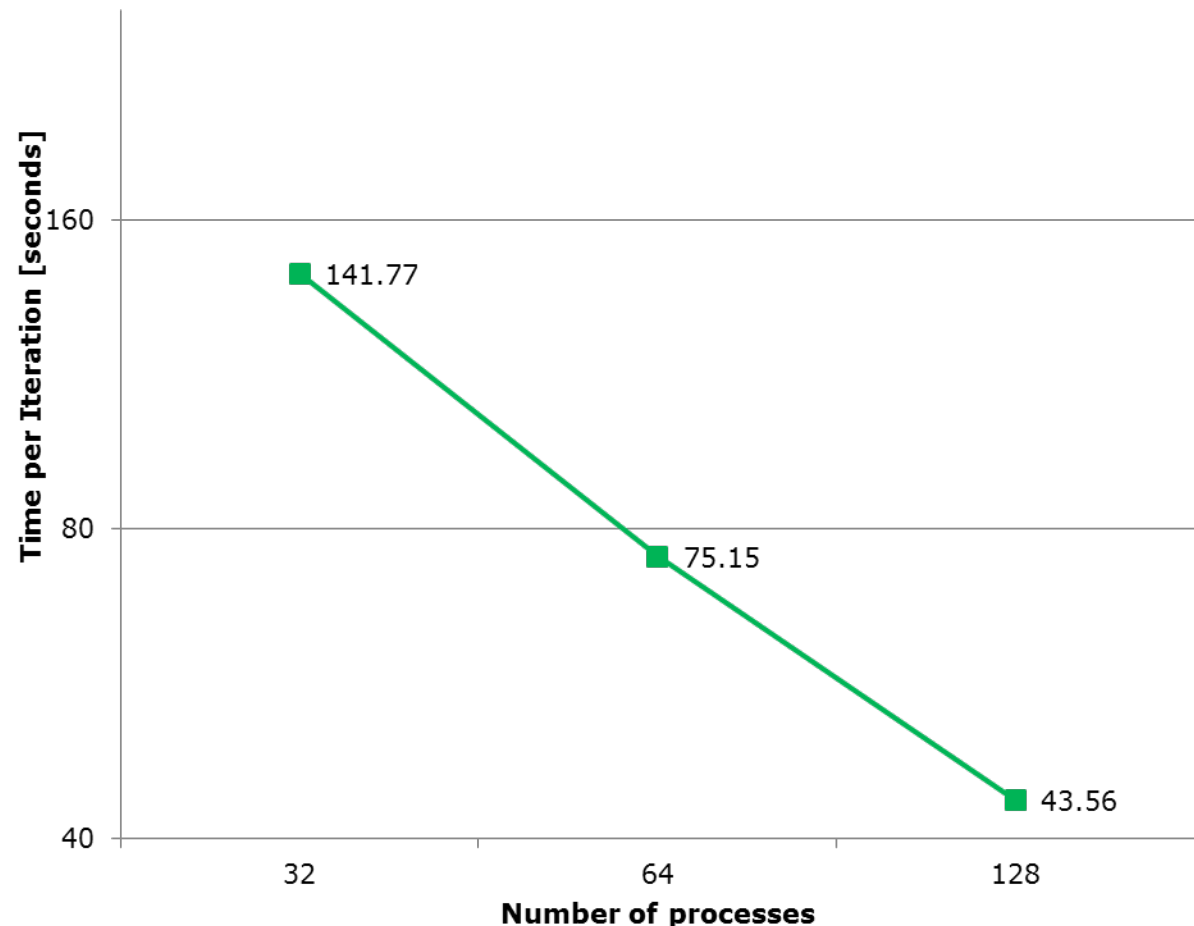
- evaluate the performance of parallel supercomputers
- derived from computational fluid dynamics (CFD) applications
- LU is a simulated uses symmetric successive over-relaxation (SSOR) method to solve a seven-block-diagonal system resulting from finite-difference discretization of the Navier-Stokes

NPB-NC-OMP LU E: Time in Seconds AMD Opteron(tm) Processor 6174 72 NumaConnect Nodes



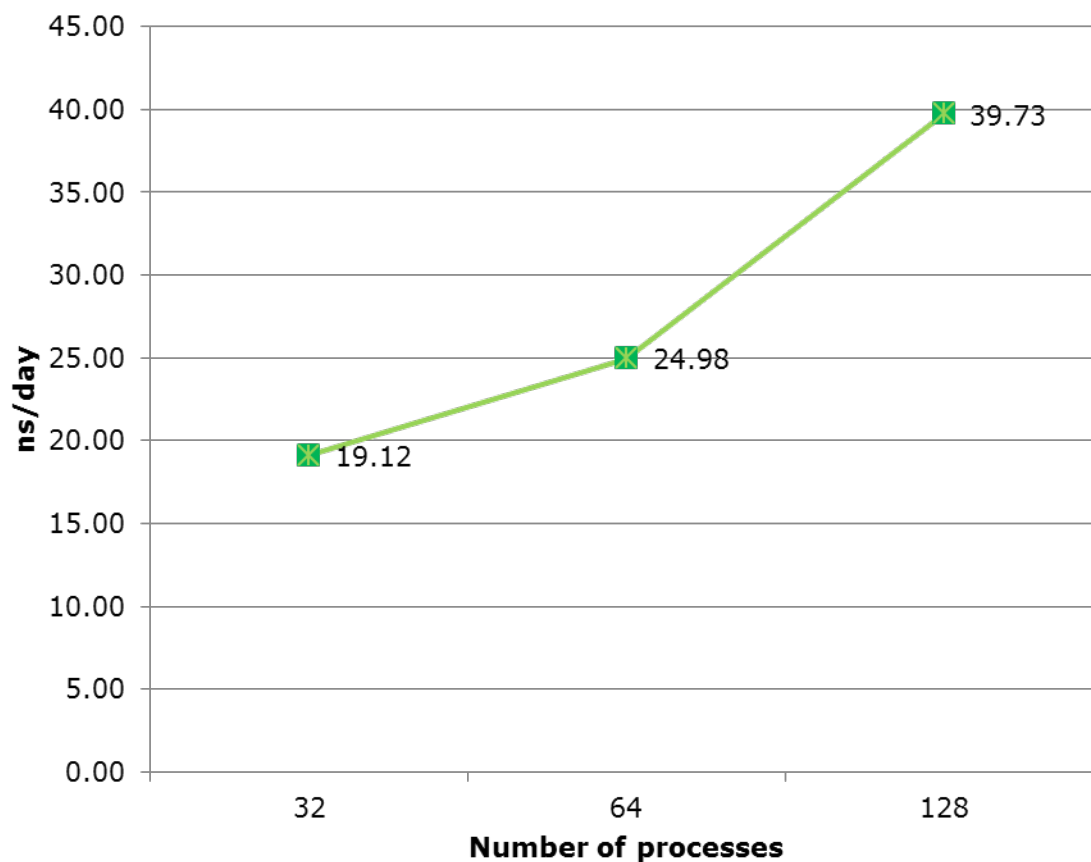
STAR-CCM+ "Time per Iteration [seconds]" Lower is better

- STAR-CCM+ is a technology leading Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) package unrivalled in its ability to tackle problems involving multi-physics and complex geometries,
<http://www.cd-adapco.com/products/star-ccm®>
- The NumaConnect Shared Memory test system used to conduct the tests has:
 - 1TB of memory
 - 256 cores
 - It utilizes 8 servers each equipped with:
 - 2 x AMD Opteron 2,5 GHz 6380 CPUs
 - 16 cores in each CPU



GROMACS with NC-OpenMPI [ns/day] (higher is better) case: Test-performance_protein- water-membrane.tpr

- **GROMACS** is a versatile package to perform molecular dynamics, i.e. simulate the Newtonian equations of motion for systems with hundreds to millions of particles. It is primarily designed for **biochemical molecules** like proteins, lipids and nucleic acids that have a lot of complicated bonded interactions, but since GROMACS is extremely fast at calculating the nonbonded interactions (that usually dominate simulations) many groups are also using it for research on non-biological systems, e.g. polymers.
- The NumaConnect Shared Memory test system used to conduct the tests has:
 - 1TB of memory
 - 256 cores
 - It utilizes 8 servers each equipped with:
 - 2 x AMD Opteron 2,5 GHz 6380 CPUs
 - 16 cores in each CPU
 - 128GB



3 AIC Octans

3 NVIDIA GeForce GT 640 2GB

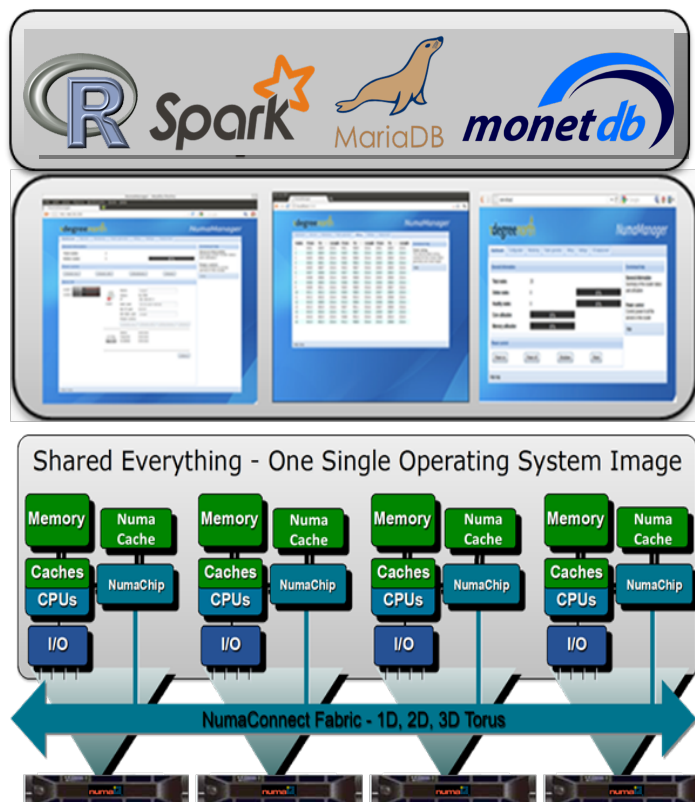
Numascale Shared Memory System

- Cache Coherent Global Shared Memory and Shared IO
- All GPUs providing aggregated TFLOPS
- Running N-body CUDA application

In-memory analytics appliance



4 x Dell R815s



**Advanced Analytics & Visualization
Simplified Management
With NumaManager
Terabytes of Memory**

Thousands of Cores

Single Linux Instance

Running 1Billion row, Spark regression benchmark, 4X gain over cluster

Apache Spark™ Benchmark
1B rows, 10 variables, Logistic Regression
4 node distributed cluster vs 4 node NumaQ

	4 nodes Cluster 256GB RAM 32 cores each	NumaQ 1TB RAM 128 cores
Logistic Regression 1B rows 10 variables	108 sec	27 sec



Competition - differentiation

	Performance	Shared Memory	Price	Comments
Software solutions with InfiniBand or 10Gbe (ScaleMP) 	?	✓	2X	Software emulation Non-standard Operating System - Virtualization Layer
Mainframes (SGI, HP, IBM, Oracle (Sun)) 	High	✓	10-30X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Max" performance – shared memory • 50TB limit for SGI • Limited Scalability
High-end interconnect for clusters (InfiniBand) 	High		1X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pure message passing only
YarcData - uRiKA 	High	✓	10X?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complete system solution – Big Data Appliance, Proprietary architecture
Numascale 	High	✓	1X+	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Independent hardware vendor • Commodity server hardware

□ Compelling programming model

- Less code
- Large memories - less effort, no data domain decomposition
- Flexibility

□ System Utilization

- More efficient utilization of Resources, up to 90% Hitachi mainframe Cambridge University, versus 50% cluster University of Oslo.
- Reduced sysadmin', single OS
- Data Center Fabric

□ NumaConnect

- Turns COTs servers into SSI - ccNUMA , CHEAPLY!

With ASIC transistor density, and HT, it can now be done cheaply!

□ Cluster

- Look at the size of my Linpack!
- # nodes/cores
- Grand Challenge benchmarks
- Interesting Computer Science
- Poor ROI

□ Shared Memory

- High system utilization
- Easier sysadmin'
- Easier programming
- More research papers produced
- Better science

□ Intel

- XEON based solution

□ AMD

- Higher Link Speeds
- Larger node memory
- Higher core count
- Hybrid CPU/GPU